# Nick Upton/Cornwall Wildlife Trust

## **General Election Priorities Stafford**



**Priority 1:** Clean up and restore Stafford's rivers and streams

3417

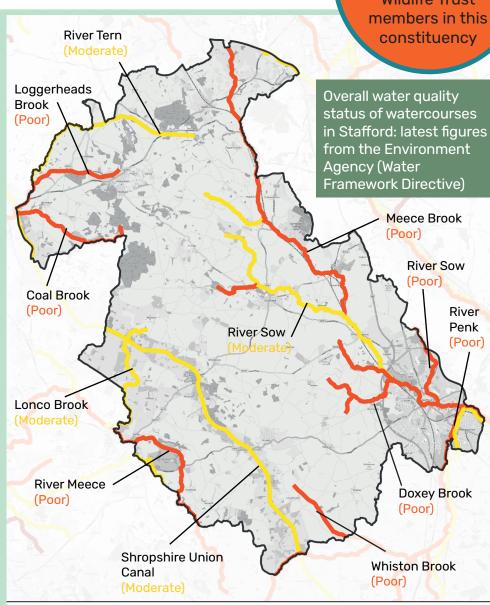
Number of
Staffordshire
Wildlife Trust
members in this
constituency

Every watercourse in the Stafford constituency is failing to meet legally-binding environmental standards under the Water Framework Directive.

Many watercourses, including stretches of the River Sow and Penk, are classified as being in poor ecological health.

Physical modifications to the watercourses, sewage discharges, abstraction, agricultural runoff and pollution from industry, development and transport are the leading causes of poor water quality in the constituency.

In 2023,
untreated
sewage was
discharged
into Stafford
watercourses 404
times, for a total of
3,318 hours.



#### What must be done by Government to clean up our rivers

Cut nutrient pollution from farming, sewage and development in half by 2030, with proper funding for enforcement agencies to effectively monitor our watercourses and enforce penalties on polluters. Invest in creating and repairing wild habitats to provide a natural solution to flooding, which will protect people's homes and businesses, and improve water quality.

Support the reintroduction of beavers living in wild to restore our rivers and wetlands.



### **General Election Priorities** Stafford

#### **Priority 2: Bring back Stafford's lost wildlife**

Across the UK, the abundance of wild species has fallen by an average of 19% since 1970\*.

Priority species, which have been prioritised for conservation for reasons such as rapid population decline, have declined to 37% of their baseline value in 1970.

Similar wildlife declines are being seen across Stafford.

Over the last two decades, the number of water voles recorded in the constituency has fallen by 97%, while records of bulfinch have declined by 37%.

These devastating declines are caused by a number of factors including habitat loss, climate change, pollution, urbanisation and changes to the way we manage our agricultural land.

\*State of Nature report 2023



To halt and reverse the collapse of our natural world, we need the Government to put nature into recovery by protecting and restoring at least 30% of land and water for nature by 2030.

John Bridges

The percentage of land managed for wildlife in

Stafford<sup>1</sup>

#### What must be done by Government

Increase the budget for nature-friendly farming, so farms can be both productive and bursting with wildlife

Prevent further loss of habitat by ensuring new development both protects and enhances nature.

Fund the restoration and creation of more, bigger and better natural habitats, to help wildlife recover and protect communities from the impacts of climate change.

1. Figure includes SSSIs, LNRs, nature reserves, Local Wildlife Sites (LWS) overlapping agri-environment schemes. Figure is 15% if LWS, SBIs, National Parks, AONBs and agri-environment schemes that don't overlap LWS are included.

#### **Priority 3: Let nature help**

Spending time in nature boosts physical and mental health, and healthy habitats protect us from the impacts of climate change, boost our food security and underpin our economic prosperity. We must ensure that everyone has fair and equal access to restorative natural places in their neighbourhood, and that natural solutions are implemented at scale across every community.

18,079 people living within the Stafford local authority area don't have a park or local greenspace within a 10 minute walk<sup>2</sup>

#### What must be done by Government

prosperity. We must ensure that fair and equal access to restora in their neighbourhood, and that are implemented at scale across.

What must be done to access to healthy natural spaces in their neighbourhood, to support wellbeing and protect them from the impacts of climate change, particularly for those the have the least provision today; Ensure everyone has easy to support wellbeing and protect them from the impacts of climate change, particularly for those that

- Fund and integrate green prescribing into communitybased health services.
- Ensure all children enjoy regular outdoor learning opportunities at school.

#### Vote for Nature Survey results<sup>3</sup>

96% of survey respondents from the Stafford constituency said strong policies to tackle the nature and climate crisis are important to them when it comes to voting at the next General Election.

The biggest environmental concerns for respondents from the constituency are 'falling numbers of wild species' and 'losing wild places to development'.

3: Staffordshire Wildlife Trust's Vote for Nature Survey, Nov '23 - June '24